

CHEATSHEET PYTHON 5: Biopython

Sequence Input/Output

To read and write sequence or alignment data, import these modules

```
from Bio import SeqIO    # For reading/writing files with sequences
from Bio import AlignIO  # For reading/writing files with alignments
```

Command	Description	Example
SeqIO.read()	read a single sequence from file	SeqIO.read("seq.fasta", "fasta")
SeqIO.parse()	read many sequences from file	SeqIO.parse("seqs.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.read()	read a single alignment from file	SeqIO.read("align.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.parse()	read many alignments from file	SeqIO.parse("aligns.phy", "phylip")
SeqIO.write()	write sequence(s) to file	SeqIO.write(seq_record(s), "seq_output.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.write()	write alignment(s) to file	AlignIO.write(aln_record, "align_output.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.convert()	Convert alignment file to a different format	AlignIO.convert("input.fasta", "fasta", "output.phy", "phylip")

Biopython Seq objects

To use and/or manipulate Seq/SeqRecord objects, import these modules

```
from Bio.Seq import Seq
from Bio.SeqRecord import SeqRecord
from Bio.Alphabet import *
```

Object type	Useful attributes/methods
SeqRecord	.id, .seq, .description
Seq	.transcribe(), .translate(), .complement(), and more!

Query online databases

To download and parse data from various online databases, import one of these modules

```
from Bio import Entrez    # Query an NCBI database
from Bio import ExPASy    # Query SwissProt/Uniprot
from Bio import SwissProt # Parse swissprot/uniprot records.
```

Command	Description	Examples
Entrez.efetch()	Fetch and parse a record from an NCBI database	record = Entrez.efetch(id = "NP_000549.1", db = "protein", remode = "text", retype = "gb") record = Entrez.efetch(id = "88758587", db = "nucleotide", remode = "text", retype = "gb")
1. ExPASy.get_sprot_raw() 2. SwissProt.read()	Fetch and parse a swissprot record	handle = ExPASy.get_sprot_raw("A3KFT3") # A3KFT3 is any ID! record = SwissProt.read(handle)