# **CHEATSHEET: Python II, Control Flow**

Function	Description	Example
<pre>range()</pre>	makes a list of a certain range of numbers	range( $0, 20$ ) makes a list from 0 to 19, 20 numbers where the first is inclusive and the last is exclusive range( $0, 20, 2$ ) makes the same list but counts by 2
input()	asks the user for input, stores as variable	x=input("Enter a phrase: ") saves what user inputs as variable x

Module	Description	Example
random	random number generator	random.random() picks a value between 0 and 1 random.randint(0,10) randomly picks a value between 0 and 10
time	anything to do with timing	<pre>time.asctime( time.localtime(time.time()) ) prints current date and time</pre>

# FOR is for iterating over values in a list, string, file, range, etc

for item in thing:	Example: print 20 numbers (actually prints 0 to 19)
do this command #return to for statement and	for i in range(20):
#move to next item	print i

# IF is the basic decision making tool

if logical condition == True:	sequence='AGGGTGTGTCCTGA'
do this command	<pre>if 'AGG' in sequence:</pre>
	print 'I found your sequence'

#### IF ELSE is used for decision making in an either or context

if logical condition == True:	<pre>seqs=['AUUGACAUCGAUCGA','AGACTGATCGATCTAG']</pre>
do this command	for seq in seqs:
else:	if 'U' in seq:
do this command	print '%s is RNA' %seq
	else:
	print '%s is DNA' %seq

# IF ELIF is useful when you have more than one condition to check before deciding

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if logical condition == True:	<pre>seqs=['AUUGACGAUCGA','AGACTGAATCTAG','JIEONONE']</pre>
do this command	for seq in seqs:
elif other logical condition == True:	if 'U' in seq:
do this command	print '%s is RNA' %seq
else:	elif 'T' in seq:
do this command	print '%s is DNA' %seq
	else:
	print '%s might be a protein' %seq

# WHILE is useful for checking input types, and when your value in the conditional might change within the loop while condition == True: x=int(input("Type a number from 1 to 10: "))

do this command

```
x=int(input("Type a number from 1 to 10: "))
while x not in range(0,11):
    print "That's not a number between 1 and 10"
    x=int(input("Type a number from 1 to 10: "))
```

print "Thanks!"

# COMPREHENSIONS are faster than for loops and good to use when you're sifting through a long list or rangelist1=[] #make empty listlist1 = [item for item in thing]for item in thing:numbers=range(1000)list1.append(item)l=[x\*\*3 for x in numbers]

for x in list; do command to variable x; done

for i in \*.txt; do cat \$i >> garbage.txt; done